# Rural District of St. Faith's and Aylsham

THE

# ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

Medical Officer of Health

(ALEX. P. AGNEW, M.B., C.M.),

TOGETHER WITH THE

REPORT OF THE Senior Sanitary Inspector

(H. S. HAWKINS, A.M.I.S.E.)

1946



# THE ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

# MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

(Alex. P. Agnew, M.B., C.M.),

FOR THE

# Rural District of St. Faith's and Aylsham

NORFOLK

# For the Year 1946

Mr. Chairman and Members of the Council,

In this, which will be my final report, I will adhere for the sake of continuity, to the same arrangement as in previous years:

### GENERAL STATISTICS

Area (in acres)	• • •	93,119
Population (Census 1931)		25,648
Population (estimated resident 1946)		35,180
Number of structurally separate dwellings (1931)		7,660
Rateable Value, 31st December, 1946		£148,942
Estimated Net Produce of a Penny Rate	• • •	£595
Number of Evacuees remaining billeted in District	on	
31st December, 1946		3

## VITAL STATISTICS

Deaths.	Male	Female	Total
Deaths (all ages)	178	183	361
Death rate per 1,000 of estimated resi-			
dent population			10.26
Deaths from Measles			Nil
Deaths from Whooping Cough (all			•
ages)			1
Deaths from Diarrhoea (under 2 years)			3

Births.	Male	Female	Total
Live Births—Legitimate	301		623
Illegitimate	26	29	55
Birth rate per 1,000 of estimated resi-			
dent population			19.27
Still Births—Legitimate	11		23
Illegitimate	2	Nil	2
Still Birth rate per 1,000 total (Live			
and Still) Births			35.56
	26.3	~ 1	CD + 1
Infantile Mortality.	Male	Female	Total
Deaths of Infants under 1 year of age:			
Legitimate	9	8	17
Illegitimate	3	1	4
Death rate of Infants under 1 year			
of age:			
All Infants per 1,000 live births			30.97
Legitimate Infants per 1,000 legi-			
timate live births			27.28
Illegitimate Infants per 1,000			
illegitimate live births			72.72
Maternal Mortality.			
Deaths from diseases and accidents of	pregnai	ncv and c	hildbirth:
From Sepsis Nil. From other			
Death rate per 1,000 total (live and stil			
,	,		

# England and Wales.

For the purpose of comparison, I here give comparable rates of England and Wales for 1946:—

Death Rate per 1,000 population ... ... 11.5

Live Birth Rate per 1,000 population ... ... 19.1

Infantile Mortality per 1,000 live births ... ... 43

## GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES

These remain unchanged, and the lack of facilities for nursing the sick, especially the aged and chronic sick, was again experienced during the year, but it is gratifying to note that steps are being taken in many districts to improve matters by way of employing part-time trained and partly-trained nurses to relieve those on the staffs of Hospitals and Institutions, etc.

#### DIPHTHERIA IMMUNISATION

Very satisfactory progress has been made in providing protection to children against Diphtheria. As mentioned in my last report, steps are being taken to administer the first injections at nine months and to follow this up by what is styled a "boosting"

injection on children entering school at five years.

We have now immunised since the beginning of the service:—

1,216 Children under 5 years of age on 31st December, 1946. 1,409 Children between 5 and 9 years of age on 31st Decem-

ber, 1946.

1,604 Children between 10 and 14 years of age on 31st December, 1946.

4,229 Total.

To this total, 2,067 now over 15 years of age should be added. During the year, 285 children completed a full course of treatment.

The recorded number of notifications in England and Wales, which since before 1941 averaged over 55,000 yearly, fell to 18,186. As regards mortality, we find that prior to 1941 the deaths in England and Wales were never below 2,000, but in 1942 they dropped to 1,827, in 1943 to 1,371, in 1944 to 934, in 1945 to 720, and in 1946 to 472.

# NOTIFIABLE DISEASES OTHER THAN TUBERCULOSIS

The cases of Infectious Diseases which were notified are as follows:—

					Notified	Deaths
Scarlet Fever	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	23	
Diphtheria	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	6	
Pneumonia	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	16	14
Erysipelas	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	15	
Puerperal Pyre	exia	• • •	• • •	• • •	9	
Whooping Cou	ıgh	• • •	•••	• • •	82	1
Measles	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	208	_
Jaundice		• • •	• • •	• • •	36	
Ophthalmia Ne			• • •	• • •	3	_
Cerebro-Spinal	Feve	r	•••	• • •	Nil	2

(Of the six cases of Diphtheria there is no record of them being immunised.)

# TUBERCULOSIS

	M	ales	Fer	Total	
Cases on Register, 31st	Pulmonary	Non- Pulmonary	Pulmonary	Non- Pulmonary	
December, 1945	62	28	48	39	177
Cases on Register, 31st		2.1	40	34	170
December, 1946	65	31	49	34	179

# NEW CASES AND MORTALITY DURING 1946

	New Ca <b>s</b> es				Deaths			
Age Period	Pulm	onary	No Pulm		Pulm	onary	No Pulm	on- onary
	M.	F.	М.	F.	М,	F.	M.	F.
Under 1 year 1 to 5 years 5 to 10 years 10 to 15 years 15 to 20 years	- - - 1	- - - 2	- 1 1	- 1 - 1	- - -	 - - -	- - -	- - - -
20 to 25 years 25 to 35 years 35 to 45 years 45 to 55 years 55 to 65 years 65 years and over	2 3 1 - 2 1	4 1 1 - 1 1	1 2 1 - 1	(	- 1 - 3 -	1 2 - 1 1	1 - - -	- 1 - - - -
Totals	10	10	7	2	4	5	1	1

# CAUSES OF DEATH DURING THE YEAR, 1946

Cause of Death		Male	Female
Typhoid and Paratyphoid Fevers		_	
Cerebro-Spinal Fever	• •••	1	1
Scarlet Fever		—	
Whooping Cough		—	1
Diphtheria			
Tuberculosis of Respiratory System	• • •	3	8
Other Tuberculosis Diseases			
Syphilitic Diseases /	• • •	2	
Influenza			3
Measles	• • •	_	_
Acute Polio-Myelitis and Polio-Ence	ephalitis		
Cancer of Buccal Cavity and Oesc	<b>A</b>		
(M) and Uterus (F)		3	1
Cancer of Stomach and Duodenum		5	4
	•••		•

Cancer of Breast		• • •	•••		10
Cancer of all Other Sites	• • •	• • •	• • •	30	12
Diabetes	• • •	• • •	• • •	2	2
Intra Cranial Lesions	• • •	• • •		21	31
Heart Disease	• • •	• • •	• • •	51	55
Other Diseases of Circulate	ory Sys	stem	• • •	4	4
Bronchitis	• • •	• • •	• • •	7	4
Pneumonia	• • •	• • •	• • •	9	5
Other Respiratory Disease	s	• • •		1	
Ulcer of Stomach and Duo	denum	• • •	• • •,	5	
Diarrhoea (under 2 years)	• • •	•••	• • •	1	2
Appendicitis	• • • •	• • •	• • •		
Other Digestive Diseases	• • •	• • •		3	1
Nephritis	• • •	• • •	• • •		1
Puerperal and post-abortio	n Seps	sis	• • •		<del></del>
Other Maternal Causes		• • •			2
Premature Birth	• • •	• • •	• • •	2	1
Congenital Malformation,	Birth	Injur	ies,		
Infantile Diseases	• • •	• • •	• • •	6	5
Suicide	• • •		• • •	2	1
Road Traffic Accidents	• • •	• • •	• • •	3	
Other Violent Causes	• • •	• • •	• • •	1	6
All other Causes		• • •	• • •	16	23
Totals	• • •	• • •	• • •	178	183

#### WATER SUPPLY

(See the Senior Sanitary Inspector's report.)

# DRAINAGE, SEWERAGE AND SCAVENGING

(See the Senior Sanitary Inspector's report.)

## THE MILK AND DAIRIES ORDER

(See the Senior Sanitary Inspector's report.)

In spite of the shortage of manpower and materials and the national financial resources, the health of the district has been exceptionally good. No reports of malnutrition or under-nutrition have been reported to me. There is, however, one thing which I should like to see done generally throughout the country: that is, more care taken in the production, handling and distribution of foodstuffs. Serious outbreaks of Typhoid, Enteric and Dysenteric Diseases have and are occurring and traced to "carriers" en-

gaged more particularly in the Ice-Cream Trade. More stringent precautions are overdue in the supervision of all the personnel engaged in this occupation. Blood and other tests should be compulsory and every employee encouraged and instructed to report any illness, especially Diarrhoea and taken off duty. Dysentery is known to be spread through the handling of bread by persons suffering or as "carriers." This is an indication of the advisability of wrapping bread and similar foodstuffs.

In conclusion, I have to thank you, Mr. Chairman and the Council and Officials, for continued and invaluable help afforded to me at all times during the year.

(Signed) ALEX. P. AGNEW, M.B., C.M.

RED HOUSE, WYMONDHAM, NORFOLK.

September, 1947.

# Sanitary Inspector's Report

# For the Year 1946

# NUMBER OF INSPECTIONS AND VISITS MADE DURING THE YEAR IN CONNECTION WITH SANITARY AND OTHER WORK

Inspections under Public Health and Housing A	cts		1,044
Revisits to ascertain progress of work	• • •	• • •	628
Visits to Infectious Disease Cases			66
Rooms Disinfected			56
Inspections of Cowsheds and Dairies			317
Inspections of Slaughter-houses and Food Prem	ises		489
Inspections of Bakehouses			42
Inspections under the Shops Acts		• • •	3
Inspections in connection with Scavenging Scher	nes		989
Samples of Water taken for Analysis	• • •		23
Inspections under the Petroleum Acts		• • •	38
Other visits, interviewing owners, repair of War	Dama	age,	
etc			836
Inspections under Building Bye-Laws	• • •	• • •	1,745
Inspections in connection with the issue of	Buile	ding	
Licences	• • •	• • •	1,708
Total		• • •	7,984

## MEAT AND FOOD INSPECTION

The following are the particulars of the work carried out in connection with Meat and Food Inspection during the year.

The number of carcases inspected at the Slaughter-House under the control of the Ministry of Food were as follows:—

• • •		• • •	2,322
• • •		• • •	385
• • •			3,521
• • •	• • •	• • •	1,164
Total		• • •	7,392
	•••	•••	

The following is a summary of the meat condemned as being unfit for human consumption, and the bracketed figures indicate the number which were affected with Tuberculosis:—

#### BEEF-

- 34 Carcases and all Offal (21)
- 28 Forequarters (27)
  - 4 Hindquarters (4)
- 1,268 lbs. Beef (1,031 lbs.)
  - 326 Heads (278)
  - 282 Tongues (234)
  - 598 Livers (96)
  - 456 Parts Livers
  - 513 Sets Lungs (362)
  - 144 Mesenteries (127)
    - 11 Spleens (11)
      - 7 Hearts
    - 30 Kidneys (10)

# Reasons for condemnation other than Tuberculosis were:

Abscesses

Actinomycosis

Angioma

Bone Taint

Cirrhosis

Congestion

Decomposition

Distomatosis

Echinococcus

Fatty Infiltration

Fever

Fibrosis

Injuries

Melanosis

Necrosis

Nephritis

Oedema

Pentastomum

Pneumonia

Septicæmia

Septic Pericarditis

**Tumours** 

Uræmia

#### Pork—

- 28 Carcases and all Offal
- 76 lbs. Pork
- 19 Heads (19)
- 7 Kidneys
- 17 Sets Lungs (2)
  - 2 Hearts
- 13 Livers
  - 9 Mesenteries (9)

# Reasons for condemnation other than Tuberculosis were:-

Cirrhosis

Fever

**Immaturity** 

Inflammation

Jaundice

Injuries Oedema

Pneumonia

Swine Erysipelas

Swine Fever

# MUTTON-2 Whole Carcases and Offal 36 lbs. Mutton 349 Sets Lungs 137 Livers Reasons for condemnation were: Abscesses Injuries Parasites Dropsy Fever Pneumonia Inflammation Veal-8 Whole Carcases and Offal (2) 8 Livers (4) 6 Sets Lungs (4) 43 lbs. Veal Reasons for condemnation other than Tuberculosis were:— Inflammation Necrosis Melanosis Pyæma **Taundice** Immaturity OTHER FOODS CONDEMNED— 158 Tins of Meat and Fish 87 Tins Milk 79 Tins Vegetables, etc.

# COWSHEDS AND DAIRIES

28 lbs. Cheese

70 lbs. Dried Fruit

72 Packets Bun Flour

There are 196 Cowkeepers on the Council's register, and the following is a summary of the work carried out during the year in connection with these Producers' and Retailers' Premises:—

CLEANLINESS OF PREMISES—

Cowsheds limewashed		• • •	•••	• • •	•••	14
Dairies limewashed	• • •		• • •	• • •	•••	11
Premises where dirty	milking	stools	were	cleanse	ed	2
Dirty cowshed floors	~			• • •		3
Accumulations of mar				• • •		3
Other contraventions						
له واله و سوس						0
remedied	• • •					フ

#### STRUCTURAL DEFECTS IN PREMISES—

New Cowsheds erected	3.
Cowshed floors repaired or amended	3
Drainage of Dairies or Cowsheds provided or amended	2
Wash or storage Dairies provided	3
Dairy Floors repaired	4
Additional lighting provided to Cowsheds	1
Entrance yards to Cowsheds made up	3
Sterilisers provided	2
Other structural repairs carried out	4

#### MILK SAMPLING

Up to the 31st July, 1946, samples were taken on behalf of the Norfolk County Council.

#### METHYLENE BLUE TEST—

	Samples					
		taken	Passed	Failed		
"Accredited " Producers		28	23	5		

The results of the samples were as follows:—

Samples not Ditto, but con			Pro		Months Applicants		
Decolourised	in $5\frac{1}{2}$	hours		_		-	
11	5	,,		_	_		-
11	$\frac{4\frac{1}{2}}{4}$ $\frac{3\frac{1}{2}}{3}$	,1		-			-
,,	4	11		-	-	1	-4*
11	$3\frac{1}{2}$	,,		-	-	1	_
1)	3	,,		_	-	_	_
11	$2\frac{1}{2}$	11		-	_	u-	
11	2	11		_	-	1	-
,,,	$1\frac{1}{2}$	,,		atte	-	_	-
11	i	,,		-	-	2	-
,,	$\frac{1}{2}$	,,		-	-	-	-
		Г	Cotals	11	Nil	17	Nil

<sup>\*</sup>Samples below this line failed to pass the test.

#### BIOLOGICAL EXAMINATION—

In addition to the above, 35 samples were taken of milk produced at Retailers' premises for examination for the detection of Tubercle Bacilli on behalf of the County Council. Of these, the examination of 33 was completed and in 2 cases Tubercle Bacilli were found.

## SCAVENGING AND SALVAGE

The following are the parishes in which Scavenging is carried out in the district:—

## By DIRECT LABOUR-

Aylsham, Catton, Coltishall, Hellesdon, Horsham St. Faith's with Newton St. Faith's, Reepham, Sprowston and Wrox-ham. The removal of House Refuse and Night Soil. Gt. Witchingham. The removal of Night Soil only.

#### By Contract—

Foulsham. The removal of House Refuse and Night Soil.

At the beginning of the year the scavenging in Reepham and Wroxham was carried out by contract, but owing to the Contractor finding it impossible to carry on it was necessary at short notice to take over the work by direct labour with improvised vehicles. The impossibility of obtaining new vehicles within a reasonable time presents considerable difficulty in maintaining and extending this service.

The Council maintains a Cesspool Emptying Vehicle which operates throughout the district for the convenience of householders, and it was used to its fullest capacity. An additional vehicle was placed on order, but it has not yet been delivered.

During the year 121 tons of Salvage were collected and disposed of, the value being £625. This was a reduction on the previous year by approximately 25 per cent.

# DRAINAGE, SEWERAGE AND WATER SUPPLIES

Full particulars under this heading were included in my report for the year 1944. Progress was made in the preparation by the Consulting Engineer of schemes for providing sewers and piped water supply in every parish in the district.

#### CIVIL BUILDING CONTROL

The work under this heading was increased during the year when the power was given to the Council to issue Licences for Housing Work without any limit as to the cost involved. In addition, the W.B.A. Priority Scheme for materials was introduced and the Council was given the duty of issuing the Certificates. As will be observed from the figures which follow, this control involves a considerable amount of work which unfortunately must be made restrictive owing to the shortage of materials at a time when there is an urgent demand for houses and the

carrying-out of accumulated repairs as a result of deterioration. The carrying-out of this work conscientiously and fairly demands a great proportion of the time of the staff which in more fortunate times could be usefully devoted to other duties which would result in improvement of conditions.

One hopes the time is not far distant when the position as to supply of materials will remove the need for these restrictions. The works permitted at present are only those that are absolutely essential, which with existing houses are little more than securing that they are wind and water-tight.

The following is a summary of work carried out in connection with Civil Building Control:—

## New Houses-

No. of houses for which a Licences were received No. of houses for which Licence No. of houses for which Licence	 ices w	ere iss	 ued	ıilding  	. 144
REPAIR OF HOUSES AND OTHER WO	ORK				
No. of applications received	•••	•••			1,239
No. of applications refused	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	153
No. of Licences issued	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	1,086
Maintenance Licences—					
No. of applications received	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	3
No. of applications refused	• • •	• • •		• • •	1
No. of Licences issued	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	2

In addition to the above, 120 recommendations were made to the Regional Licensing Officer of the Ministry of Works as to the issue of Licences.

#### HOUSING

Progress was made during the year in the Council's Post-War Housing Programme and 42 houses were completed at the end of the year, and 48 were in course of erection. Tenders for a further 136 houses were approved. In addition, the site works were in progress in readiness for 90 Prefabricated Houses.

During the year, 82 houses were completed by private enterprise and a further 30 houses were under construction. One conversion of a building into a dwelling-house was completed and 12 War Damaged houses were rebuilt. In this district, as in the Country in general, the need for new houses is acute, and there are long lists of applicants for houses and Building Licences for the erection of new dwellings.

It was still only possible to require the carrying-out of bare essentials in the way of repair to existing houses. The older houses are deteriorating year by year. The standard of the existing rural houses has not been high, and all these houses cannot be replaced for many years. There is, of course, a very marked difference in the standard of accommodation in the houses being provided by the Council. One feels that much could be done by judicious reconditioning and improvement of the existing houses to assist in raising the standard of accommodation for the rural worker.

It is regretted that owing to the heavy call on time in carrying out other duties it has not been possible to complete the Housing Survey, but all possible progress is being made.

In the latter part of the year, "Squatters" took over sites some of which were either unsuitable or were still required by the Services. The Council decided to take over the sites at Blickling, Catton, Rackheath and Taverham, and offer accommodation at these to persons occupying the remaining sites. The number of persons occupying the approved sites was 261 at the end of the vear.

#### BAKEHOUSES

There are 21 Bakehouses in the district, and 42 visits of inspection have been made.

One notice only was served and the following works carried out:—

Bakehouses limewashed	 • • •	• • •	•••	• • •	]
Floors cleansed	 • • •	• • •		• • • 0	]

# SUMMARY OF NUISANCES ABATED AND OTHER WORK CARRIED OUT DURING THE YEAR

During the year, 207 notices have been served in connection with Public Health and Housing defects, and as a result the following works have been carried out:—

#### Housing-

Piped water supplies provided	 • • •	• • •	• • •	7
Pumps to wells repaired	 • • •		• • •	Ò
Well covers repaired	 • • •	• • •		4

Rose Lane, Norwich.					Sept	ember,	-1947	
Т	udor Hall,	Signed	H. S.	HAW	KINS	, A.M.	I.S.E	
	Slaughterhouses lin	newash			•••	• • •	• • •	4
	Bakehouses limewa			• • •				1
	Accumulations of n					•••		7
	Nuisances from ani	mals a	nd fow	ls abate	ed		• • •	3
Mis	CELLANEOUS							
	Cesspools emptied	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	•••		
	Cesspools emptied	•••	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •		4
	Drains repaired Drains relaid	•••	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	10
	Drains cleared	•••	• • •	•••	• • •	• • •	- •	10
	Drains also and		cleared	• • •	• • •	• • •	••	]
DKA			1 .					
D <sub>D</sub> A	INAGE—							
	Rooms cleansed an	d redec	orated	• • •	• • •	• • •		15
	Dampness remedie		•••		• • •	• • •		13
	Coppers and ovens	repaire	d or re	placed		• • •	• • •	13
	Stoves repaired	•••	• • •	• • •		• • •		14
	Chimney stacks rej			• • •	• • •	• • •		17
	Wall plaster repair			• • •	•••	• • •	/ • •	22
	Walls repaired		• • •	• • •	•••	• • •		30
	Ceilings repaired	•••		•••	•••	•••		14
	Doors and door fra					•••	•••	6
	T34		···	• • •	• • •	• • •	•••	12
	Window frames m			• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	$\epsilon$
	Window frames repaired		• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	18
	Roofs repaired	•••	• • •	•••	• • •	• • •	• • •	53
		-		• • •	• • •	• • •	•••	13
	Rainwater gutterin Rainwater gutterin	-		•••	• • •	•••	• •	18
	New pails provided				• • •	•••	• • •	10
	Closet buildings re	-		· · ·	• • •	• • •	• • •	10
	Privies converted t	~			•••	•••	• • •	10
	Wells repaired			• • •	•••	• • •	• • •	10







